

Monday

Let's Practise (1)

14.8 rounds to **15**

6.5 rounds to **7**

Let's Practise (2)

14.56 rounds up to **15** (nearest whole number)

14.56 rounds up to **14.6** (nearest tenth)

6.45 rounds down to **6** (nearest whole number)

6.45 rounds up to **6.5** (nearest tenth)

Challenge 1:

Q1

I. 1 (b) 2 (c) 5 (d) 7 (e) 5

Q2

4.26 falls between **4** and **5** but is closer to **4** on the number line.

4.26 rounded to the nearest whole number is **4**.

Q3

(a) Whole number = **9** Tenth = **9.3**

(b) Whole number = **4** Tenth = **4.2**

(c) Whole number = **6** Tenth = **5.6**

Challenge 2:

Q1 (a) When rounding to the nearest tenth, there will be **one** digit after the decimal point.

II. 1.33 rounds to **1.3**

1.34 rounds to **1.3**

1.35 rounds to **1.4**

1.36 rounds to **1.4**

1.37 rounds to **1.4**

4.03 rounds to **4.0**

4.04 rounds to **4.0**

4.05 rounds to **4.1**

4.06 rounds to **4.1**

4.07 rounds to **4.1**

Q2: (b) **6.23** (The 3 in the hundredths column means you **round down** to 6.2)

III. **6.17** (The 7 in the hundredths column means you **round up** to 6.2)

Challenge 3:

Q1:

3.48kg = **3.5kg** 1.42kg = **1.4kg** 10.65kg = **10.7kg** 1.03kg = **1.0kg or 1 kg**

Q2:

Smallest: £7.01 Largest: £7.49

Q3. **£5.92** (When rounded to the nearest whole number, the 9 means that you would round up to £6. However when rounding to the nearest tenth, the 2 in the hundredths column means you would round down to £5.90.)

Tuesday

What are percentages?

50 parts per hundred

50%

Bar Models

3 parts are shaded. **3** out of 10 parts.

$3/10 = 30/100$ (multiply both numerator and denominator by 10)

3 out of 10 parts are shaded. **30%** is shaded.

Let's Practise (1)

30%

70%

Let's Practise (2)

Q1: **60%**

Q2: **False it represents 49%** because 49 parts out of 100 are shaded.

Q3: **60%** because 60 parts out of 100 are shaded.

Q4: (a) **17%** (b) **30%** (c) **50%** (d) **5%**

Challenge 1:

- 1b. There are 24 parts out of a hundred shaded. This is 24%.
1c. There are 65 parts out of a hundred shaded. This is 65%.
2a. **False**. The grid represents 72%.

Challenge 2:

- 4a. A = 60% B = 63% C = 70%
4b. A = 50% B = 45% C = 40%
5a. A = 50% B = 47%
5b. A = 70% B = 76%
6. (a) 30 (b) 55 (c) 97 (d) 6 (e) 1

Challenge 3:

- 7a. **C** is the odd one out. It has 9 out of 20 squares shaded, which represents 45% (45 out of 100 if you multiply both numerator and denominator by 5).
A shows 24 out of 50 shaded squares, which is equivalent to 48 out of 100 or **48%**.
B shows 48 out of 100 shaded squares (**48%**) and **C** is **48%**.
8a. 27%, 14 parts per 50 (28%), 6 parts per 20 (30%), 4 parts out of 10 (40%), 51%, 11 parts out of 20 (55%)
9. **Alfie is correct**. All his diagrams represent 90%.

Wednesday

Let's Practise (1)

(a)

$$\frac{47}{100} = 0.47$$

(b) 16% 0.16

Video

$$32\% = \frac{32}{100} = 0.32 \quad 35\% = \frac{35}{100} = 0.35 \quad 48\% = \frac{48}{100} = 0.48$$

Let's Practise (2)

(a) 32% 0.32 (b) $\frac{11}{100}$ 11% 0.11

True or False?

- (i) False (ii) True

Challenge 1:

1a A: 0.18, 18% B: 0.81, 81% C: 0.08, 8%

2a. The hundred square on the left is the odd one out. It represents 74%, whilst the other two diagrams represent 26%.

Challenge 2:

Q1:

- (a) 50% > 5/100 (b) 25% < 50/100 (c) 14% < 41/100
(d) 40/100 = 40% (e) 70/100 > 7% (f) 82% = 82/100

Q2:

$\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{50}{100}$ $\frac{70}{140}$

Challenge 3:

True or False?

- (a) True (b) True

Q2: Caleb is **NOT** correct. 30/50 is equivalent to 60/100 which is the same as 60%. If class A took 26% and class B took 60%, they had 86% of glue sticks in total. Take that total away from 100% and you are left with 14%. So Caleb's class (class C) received only 14% of the glue sticks **NOT 23%** as Caleb thought.

Q3: 66% (100 - 34 = 66)

Extension:

- (a) 21% (84/400 is divided by 4 to find the equivalent fraction of 21/100, which is 21%)
(b) 21/100
(c) 79% (100% - 21% = 79%)
(d) 0.79 as a decimal.

Thursday

Let's Practise

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{60}{100} = 60\% = 0.6$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{40}{100} = 40\% = 0.4$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (\times 25) = \frac{25}{100} = 25\% = 0.25$$

$$\frac{2}{25} (\times 4) = \frac{8}{100} = 8\% = 0.08$$

Challenge 1

1b. A. 0.25, 25% B. 0.05, 5% C. 0.5, 50%

2. (a) 0.1 (b) 0.45 (c) 0.7 (d) 0.9

3. (a) 100%, 50%, 20%, 10%

(b) $20/100 = 20\%$, $40/100 = 40\%$, $60/100 = 60\%$, $80/100 = 80\%$, $100/100 = 100\%$

Challenge 2

1. $32/100$ 2. $24/100$ 3. 36%

2. True or False?

(i) True (ii) False (iii) True

3. $30/300$ (10%) $22/200$ (11%) 0.15 (15%) 0.5 (50%) $58/100$ (58)

Challenge 3

1. Lucy has 60 sweets ($200 \div 10 \times 3$) and Alice has 100 sweets (50% or half of $200 = 100$)

Therefore there are 40 sweets left in the jar ($200 - 160 = 40$)

20% of sweets are left (40 out of 200 is equivalent to 20 out of 100 or 20%)

2. He saves 60%. ($1/5$ is equivalent to $20/100$ or 20%. He spent $2/5$ which is $20\% \times 2 = 40\%$. Therefore $100\% - 40\% = 60\%$ left, he saves 60%)

3. Year 1: raised £56 out of £400, or $56/400$ which is equivalent to $14/100 = 14\%$

Year 2: raised £64 out of £400 or $64/400$ which is equivalent to $16/100 = 16\%$

Year 3: raised £32 out of £400 or $32/400$ which is equivalent to $8/100 = 8\%$

Year 4: raised £96 out of £400 or $96/400$ which is equivalent to $24/100 = 24\%$

Year 5: raised £88 out of £400 or $88/400$ which is equivalent to $22/100 = 22\%$

Year 6: (Add up all the other money $\pounds 56 + \pounds 64 + \pounds 32 + \pounds 96 + \pounds 88 = \pounds 336$, then take that total from £400 $400 - 336 = 64$ which gives you £64).

Therefore Year 6 raised £64.