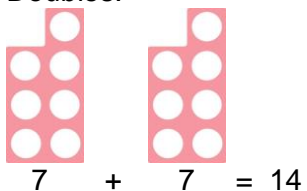


## Key Stage 1 – Multiplication

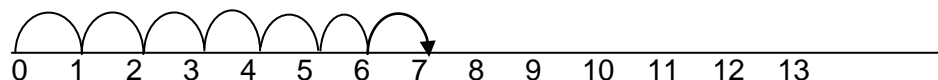
### Y1

Through practical activities and meaningful contexts using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.

- Doubles.



- Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in 2's, 5's to 50 and 10's to 100.
- Use of number lines.



- "100 Square" to count in 2's, 5's and 10's.

|    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

- There are 2 sweets in one bag. How many sweets are there in 5 bags?



- Counting multiples of coins: 2p, 5p, 10p.



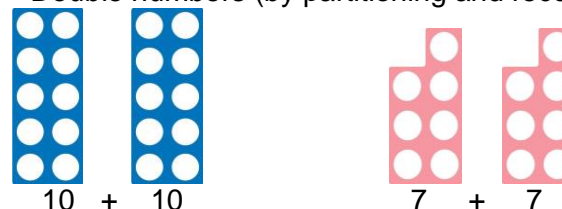
### National Curriculum requirements:

Solve one step problems involving multiplication, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.

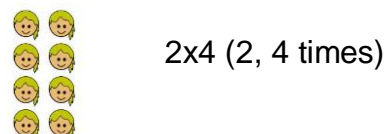
### Y2

Through practical activities and meaningful contexts using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays.

- Double numbers (by partitioning and recombining)  $17 + 17$ .

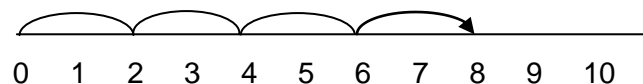


- Understand multiplication as repeated addition/groups/lots.
- Read arrays.

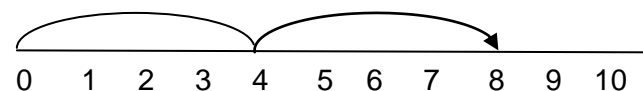


- Repeated addition on a number line.

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 \quad (4 \text{ groups of } 2, 2 \text{ four times, } 2 \times 4)$$



$$4 + 4 \quad (2 \text{ groups of } 4, 4 \text{ two times, } 4 \times 2)$$



- Know the multiplication tables for 2, 5 and 10.
- Calculate mathematical statements within the multiplication tables using the multiplication (x) and equals (=) signs.
- Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative).

**Video clips:** [Teaching for understanding of multiplication facts](#)  
[Practical multiplication and the commutative law](#)

### National Curriculum requirements:

Solve problems involving multiplication using materials, arrays, mental methods and multiplication facts.

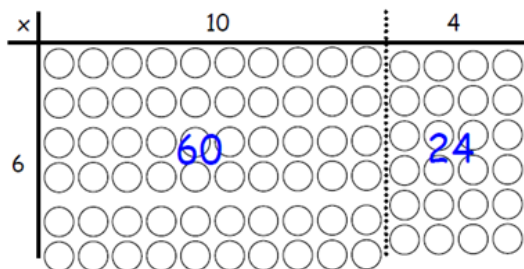
# Key Stage 2 – Multiplication

## Y3

- Recall and use multiplication tables for 3, 4 and 8.
- Continue to use arrays and number lines/Cuisenaire rods for 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.
- Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication. Statements to include the multiplication tables that they know and 2 digit numbers x 1 digit numbers. Pupils use mental methods and progress to formal written methods.

- Introduce grid model.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} X & 10 & 4 \\ \hline 6 & 60 & + 24 \\ \hline & 84 & \end{array}$$



- Progressing to expanded method of multiplication.

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{T O} \\ 32 \\ \times \underline{5} \\ 20 \text{ (5x4)} \\ + 50 \text{ (5x10)} \\ \hline 70 \end{array}$$

**Video clips:** [Teaching the grid method as an interim step](#)

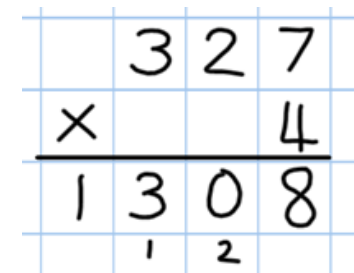
(Partitioning and counters to introduce grid).

**National Curriculum requirements:** Multiply 2 digits by 1 digit, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.

## Y4

- Recall and use multiplication tables up to 12x12 (Including multiplying by 0 and 1).
- Continue using grid method and expanded method as appropriate, progressing to short multiplication.

|   |     |     |    |
|---|-----|-----|----|
| x | 100 | 30  | 6  |
| 5 | 500 | 150 | 30 |



- Short Multiplication.

| No carrying  | Extra digit   | Carrying   | Zeros  | Ext.  |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| $\begin{array}{r} \text{T O} \\ 32 \\ \times \underline{3} \\ \hline 96 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text{H T O} \\ 51 \\ \times \underline{2} \\ \hline 102 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text{H T O} \\ 38 \\ \times \underline{7} \\ \hline 266 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text{H T O} \\ 202 \\ \times \underline{4} \\ \hline 808 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text{H T O} \\ \square 5 \square \\ \times \underline{4} \\ \hline 612 \\ 2 \quad 1 \end{array}$ |

**National Curriculum requirements:**

Multiply 2 digits by 1 digit using formal written layout.

Multiply 3 digits by 1 digit using formal written layout.

## Key Stage 2 – Multiplication

### Y5

- Recall and use multiplication tables up to 12x12 (Including multiplying by 0 and 1).
- Continue to practise short multiplication.
- Use Grid Method to introduce long multiplication.

|    |     |    |
|----|-----|----|
|    | 10  | 8  |
| 10 | 100 | 80 |
| 3  | 30  | 24 |



|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
|   |   | 1 | 8 |
| x |   | 1 | 3 |
|   |   | 5 | 4 |
|   | 1 | 8 | 0 |
|   | 2 | 3 | 4 |

#### Video clips:

[Moving from grid method to a compact method](#)

[Reinforcing rapid times table recall](#)

[Demonstration of long multiplication](#)

#### National Curriculum requirements:

Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1 digit number using the formal written method of short multiplication.

Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number using the formal written method of long multiplication.

Multiply whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100, 1000.

### Y6

- Recall and use multiplication tables up to 12x12 (Including multiplying by 0 and 1).
- Continue to practise short multiplication.
- Continue to practise long multiplication.

|   |   |   |   |    |
|---|---|---|---|----|
|   | 3 | 6 | 5 | 2  |
| x |   |   |   | 8  |
|   | 2 | 9 | 2 | 16 |
|   | 5 | 4 |   |    |

|   |   |   |   |    |
|---|---|---|---|----|
|   | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4  |
| x |   |   | 1 | 6  |
|   | 7 | 4 | 0 | 4  |
|   | 1 | 2 | 3 | 40 |
|   | 1 | 9 | 7 | 44 |

- Multiply decimals using the grid method and progressing on to short multiplication.
- Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.

#### Video clips:

[Moving from grid method to a compact method](#)

[Reinforcing rapid times table recall](#)

[Demonstration of long multiplication](#)

#### National Curriculum requirements:

Multiply up to 4 digits by 2 digits using the formal written method of long multiplication.

Multiply numbers by 10,100, 1000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places.